

Měřidla průtoků a hladin Meters of liquids and levels





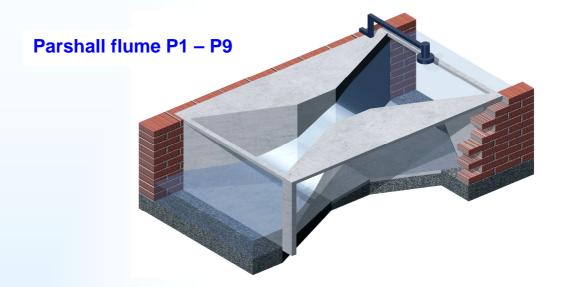
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info





type P1 – P9 for open profile



Specific Parshall flume
Czech Metrology Institute certificated
Suitable for stream, drainage, irrigation canal,
reservoir outlet, sewer system, waste-water treatment plant, etc.

Applications

Agriculture
Water treatment
Power, civil engineering
Chemical, food, pharmaceutical industry

Function descreption

measuring device of the volume flow rate with a wide variety of use measuring of flow rate with ELA ultrasonic flowmeter easy and quick installation high accuracy system reliability utility design protected

Advantages

3 x time lower head loss compared with readily available sharp-crested weir low cost investment costs easy instalation to the sewage system minimum services cost

Technical data - details:

The customer assume personal responsibility for reasonable using of sensor and control unit.

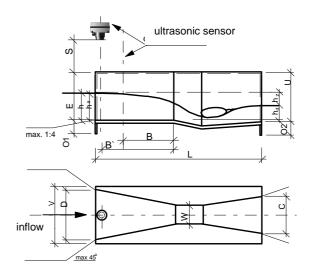
Technical conditions:

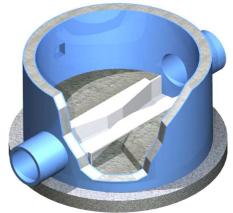
Liquids temperature 0°- 80°C Free surface of liquid flow rate Inorganic salts, acids and alkalines solutions without oxidations characters resistant Solvent organic solutions resistant Accuracy better then 4 %

Discharge equatation:

 $Q = a \cdot h_a^b \quad [m^3/s, m]$

| | P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 | P5 | P6 | P7 | P8 | P9 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Qnin | 0,26 | 0,52 | 0,78 | 1,52 | 2,25 | 2,91 | 4,4 | 5,8 | 8,7 |
| Q _{max} | 6,22 | 15,1 | 54,6 | 168 | 368 | 598 | 898 | 1211 | 1841 |
| h _d /h _a | 0,5 | | | 0,6 | | 0,7 | | | |
| m | 9 | 10.6 | 19.1 | 49.0 | 81.0 | 146 | 183 | 231 | 252 |
| W | 2.54 | 5.08 | 7.62 | 15.24 | 22.86 | 30.48 | 45.70 | 61.00 | 91.4 |
| B , | 30.0 | 34.0 | 39.0 | 53.0 | 75.0 | 120.0 | 130.0 | 135.0 | 150.0 |
| С | 9.29 | 13.49 | 17.80 | 39.4 | 38.1 | 61.0 | 76.2 | 91.44 | 121.9 |
| D | 16.75 | 21.35 | 25.88 | 39.69 | 57.47 | 84.46 | 102.6 | 120.7 | 157.2 |
| E | 23 | 26.4 | 46.7 | 62.0 | 80 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |
| L | 63.5 | 77.5 | 91.5 | 152.4 | 1626 | 286.7 | 294.3 | 301.9 | 3169 |
| O1 | 2,8 | 4,2 | 5,7 | 11,5 | 11,5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 02 | 4,6 | 6,4 | 8,2 | 19,1 | 19,1 | 17,6 | | | |
| S | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| U | 24.8 | 28.6 | 49.2 | 69.6 | 87.6 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.1 |
| V | 30.7 | 35.35 | 39.9 | 54.0 | 80 | 100 | 120 | 140 | 180 |





Data description

 $\begin{array}{lll} m & \text{weight of flume (kg)} \\ h_d/h & \text{ratio of water submergance (-)} \\ h & \text{water depth measured at the distance B' in front of the throat (m)} \\ h_d & \text{water depth behind the flume (m)} \\ W & \text{windth of the throat (cm)} \\ B' - V & \text{dimensions of flume (see pic.) (cm)} \\ Z & \text{deviation (probability 95 \%) for Qmin, Qmax (-)} \\ Q & \text{flow water } (m^3/s) \\ \end{array}$